

Are there trees on Heard Island & McDonald Islands?

At Heard Island and McDonald Islands (HIMI), there are no trees or ferns and the most advanced vascular plants are low-growing herbaceous flowering plants. The vascular flora on Heard Island is the smallest of any major subantarctic island group, reflecting the island's isolation, limited ice-free area and severe climate.

Is there a threat to Heard Island and the McDonald Islands?

Ongoing and accelerating climate change poses an increasing risk of fundamental alterations in biodiversity. Geological processes (primarily volcanism and glacial retreat) continue undisturbed. The overall assessment is that there is a low threat to the World Heritage values of Heard Island and the McDonald Islands if visitation remains low.

How big is Heard Island & McDonald Islands?

Administered by the Antarctic Division of the national Department of Tourism, Arts & Environment. Heard Island sea level to 2,745m (Mawson Peak); McDonald Islands: sea level to 230m. Heard Island is roughly circular, about 20 km in diameter with a peninsula extending 9 km northwest and a spit extending 8 km to the east.

Who manages the Heard & McDonald Islands?

The islands are administered under the Heard and McDonald Islands Act of 1953 and the Environment Protection and Management Ordinance of 1987 by the Antarctic Division of the national Department of Tourism, Arts & Environment (formerly the Department of the Arts, Sport, the Environment, Tourism & Territories, DASETT).

Are there seabirds in Heard Island and McDonald Islands?

The inshore fishes of Heard and McDonald Islands, Southern Indian Ocean. Journal of Fish Biology 23: 283-292. Woehler, E. (1991). Status and conservation of the seabirds of Heard Island and the McDonald Islands. In Croxall, J. (ed.), Seabird Status and Conservation: A Supplement. ICBP Technical Publication No. 11.

Are there lichens on Heard Island?

Lichens are another kind of non-vascular plant and are common at Heard Island in all habitats with exposed rock. In fact, lichens dominate the vegetation in some areas. Thirty four species have been recorded on Heard Island, including several soil and moss-inhabiting species. Six vegetation communities are currently recognised at Heard Island:

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Along with the French Kerguelen group of islands 440 km to the northwest, Heard and McDonald Islands form the only exposed parts of the submarine Kerguelen plume ...

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????????(?:Heard Island and McDonald Islands,?:HIMI),????????,1947????????,1997????????(????????)?

These pages provide a broad introduction to the natural aspects of Heard Island and McDonald Islands (HIMI) - the animals, the plants, the marine environment and the landforms on the islands themselves.

The Territory of Heard Island and McDonald Islands [2] [3] (HIMI; [4] ISO 3166 region code: HMD, HM, 334; [5]) is an Australian external territory comprising a volcanic group of mostly barren Antarctic islands, about two-thirds of the way ...

HEARD AND MCDONALD ISLANDS AUSTRALIA Heard Island and the McDonald Islands are in the Southern Ocean, approximately 4,100 km south-west of Perth and 1,700 km from the Antarctic continent. Their distinctive conservation value is as one of the world's rare pristine island ecosystems which have virtually no ...

Heard Island and McDonald Islands are located in the Southern Ocean, approximately 1,700 km from the Antarctic continent and 4,100 km south-west of Perth. As the only volcanically active subantarctic islands they "open a window into the earth", thus providing the opportunity to observe ongoing geomorphic processes and glacial dynamics.

Pages in category "Flora of Heard Island and McDonald Islands" The following 8 pages are in this category, out of 8 total. This list may not reflect recent changes.

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