

Does distributed control improve voltage regulation in low voltage DC microgrids?

Anand S, Fernandes BG, Guerrero JM (2013) Distributed control to ensure proportional load sharing and improve voltage regulation in low voltage DC microgrids. IEEE Trans Power Electron 28 (4):1900-1913

What is the nature of microgrid?

The nature of microgrid is random and intermittent compared to regular grid. Different microgrid structures with their comparative analyses are illustrated here. Different control schemes, basic control schemes like the centralized, decentralized, and distributed control, and multilevel control schemes like the hierarchical control are discussed.

What are microgrid control objectives?

The microgrid control objectives consist of: (a) independent active and reactive power control, (b) correction of voltage sag and system imbalances, and (c) fulfilling the grid's load dynamics requirements. In assuring proper operation, power systems require proper control strategies.

What are the components of microgrid control?

The microgrid control consists of: (a) micro source and load controllers, (b) microgrid system central controller, and (c) distribution management system. The function of microgrid control is of three sections: (a) the upstream network interface, (b) microgrid control, and (c) protection, local control.

What is a microgrid (MG) in Electrical Engineering?

With the rapid development of power electronics technology, microgrid (MG) concept has been widely accepted in the field of electrical engineering. Due to the advantages of direct current (DC) distribution systems such as reduced losses and easy integration with energy storage resources, DC MGs have drawn increasing attentions nowadays.

What control aspects are used in AC microgrids?

Various control aspects used in AC microgrids are summarized, which play a crucial role in the improvement of smart MGs. The control techniques of MG are classified into three layers: primary, secondary, and tertiary and four sub-sections: centralized, decentralized, distributed, and hierarchical.

The converter proposed in Ahmadi et al. 72 is a voltage-balancing function for a DC microgrid. In Rathore et al. 73 a resonance converter is proposed to increase the voltage without a transformer, and in Xue et al. 74 ...

In this review, the state of the art of 23 distributed generation and microgrids standards has been analyzed. Among these standards, 18 correspond mainly to distributed ...

Furthermore, peer-to-peer control is easy to expand. Following the expansion of the microgrid scale, it is only

required to add more generator sets to form a larger control ...

The RESs are generally distributed in nature and could be integrated and managed with the DC microgrids in large-scale. ... Concurrently, the use of voltage control ...

DC microgrid has just one voltage conversion level between every dispersed sources and DC bus compared to AC microgrid, as a result, the whole system's construction ...

This study proposed control structure that operates on multiple levels, first level involves the system-level EMS which generates reference signals for all controllers and loads, ...

When a large-scale power grid experiences faults or severe weather, the MG can disconnect an isolated island's operation from the large-scale power grid, achieving ...

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In particular, massive conventional grids are connecting with low-voltage microgrids, which help make electricity use more flexible and efficient. The idea of small-scale electric systems dates ...

In the creation of micro-grids, and optimal utilization of electricity supplied by series linked PV modules, need for a voltage boost of up to 320-400 V for the DC micro-grid ...

Microgrids (MG) take a significant part of the modern power system. The presence of distributed generation (DG) with low inertia contribution, low voltage feeders, unbalanced loads, specific ...

This system, which is more flexible than the single-bus microgrid structure, enables the system to supply several voltage levels to the consumers and loads. Thanks to its ...

The concept of a microgrid is prevalent in both ac and dc systems and is defined as a low or medium voltage small-scale grid made up of DGs, storage, and loads. ... At the ...

Fig. 1: Proposed hierarchical control levels of a microgrid. A. Upper optimization level -- EMS Here, we introduce the dynamic economic dispatch formulation used in the first control level. ...

- Power level: 20-300 kW - Voltage levels 200V -13 kV - Actually, most of the conversion stage works at low voltage levels with a voltage step-up transformer. However new switches ...

A microgrid is a local electrical grid with defined electrical boundaries, acting as a single and controllable entity. [1] It is able to operate in grid-connected and in island mode. [2] [3] A "stand ...

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